Forest Park's Financial Health FY26



Fiscal Transparency builds trust and tracks investment impact

Finance Department - Village of Forest Park, Illinois

Why do we need a budget?

A government budget is a financial plan that outlines the government's expected revenues and expenditures over a specific period

Resource Allocation
Accountability and Transparency
Planning and Control

How is a budget used?

Forest Park uses a budget as a strategic financial tool to plan, allocate, and manage public resources

Revenue Collection
Spending Authorization
Performance Evaluation
Public Communication

Financial Health Summary FY25

• Total FY25 Year End Projected Revenues: \$39M

Total FY25 Year End Projected Expenditures: \$40.5M

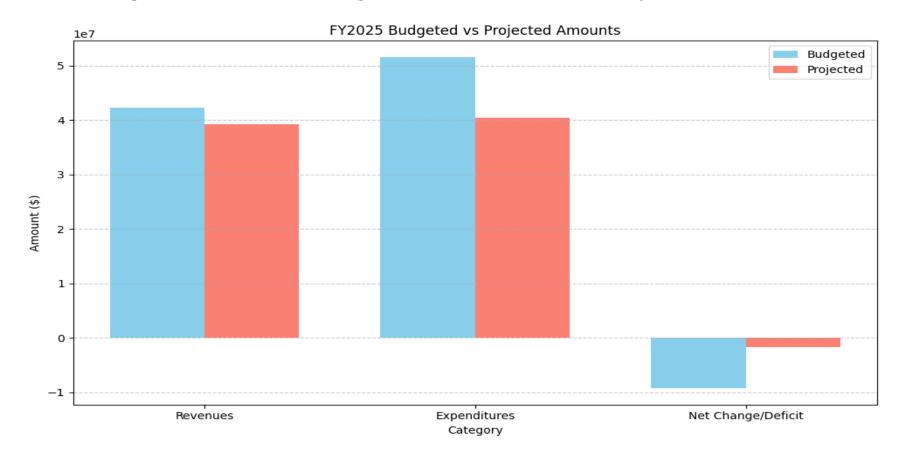
• FY2025 Year End Projected Deficit: \$1.6M

• FY2025 Beginning Fund Balance: \$55.2M

• FY2025 Ending Fund Balance: \$53.6M

FY25 Budget vs Year End Projection

- •Revenues are projected to fall short by ~\$3 million.
- •Expenditures are projected to be significantly lower than budgeted.
- •Net change improves from a budgeted deficit of \$9.2M to a projected deficit of \$1.6M.



Financial Health Summary FY26

- Total FY26 Revenues: \$48.69M
- Total FY26 Expenditures: \$63.83M
- Projected Deficit: \$15.14M

Use of reserves for infrastructure in Water, MFT, VIP funds

Government Summary FY26

Village of Forest Park Primary Government Summary FY2022 - FY2026							
	Fiscal Year 2022	Fiscal Year 2023	Fiscal Yea	4/20/2024	F1 V	ear 2025	,
	FISCAL TEAT 2022	FISCAL TEAT 2023	FISCAI TEA	4/30/2024	FISCAI T	Year End	Fiscal Year 2026
Description	End Balance	End Balance	Budget	End Balance	Budget	Projection	Proposed Budget
Revenues							
Non Major Governmental Funds							
Foreign Fire Insurance	37.844	38.034	38.300	41.791	41.500	52.983	46,560
IMRF Pension	298,512	292,989	310,989	251,398	211,545	146,279	140,101
Social Security / Medicare	351,858	344,172	347,937	346,541	348,931	311,665	393,614
Motor Fuel Tax	881,687	804.876	611,234	759,649	643,306	797.432	737,527
1505 State Seizure	12.746	69,428	55.800	9,417	38,500	33,943	34,200
Police DUI	1,949	651	5.300	3.191	6,280	2,551	2,500
U. S. Customs	140.746	172.022	215.040	293.805	325.060	500.761	450.080
Capital Funds	140,740	172,022	215,040	283,003	323,000	300,701	430,000
Police Vehicle Replacement Fund	14.207	26,657	20.520	49.095	36,632	53,316	48,500
Fleet Replacement Fund	195,415	167,785	170,500	175,020	302,947	281,451	289,500
Major Governmental Funds	100,410	107,700	170,000	175,020	302,647	201,401	200,300
TIF Funds	3.184.978	2.370.558	1,939,134	2.932.955	2.274.660	1.624.039	1.404.504
VIP Fund	2,344,187	2,404,529	3,333,190	2,894,328	3,598,907	2,982,305	7.814.750
General Fund		20,296,284	24,412,514	2,894,328	26,180,420		23,910,817
	20,188,194	20,296,284	24,412,514	22,805,233	20,180,420	23,590,090	23,910,817
Proprietary Fund	7.550.040	7 000 505	7 405 405	0.400.070	0.007.000	0.004.054	40 447 070
Water Fund	7,559,846	7,200,505	7,405,465	8,108,979	8,287,696	8,804,251	13,417,873
Total Revenues	35,212,170	34,188,489	38,865,921	38,671,401	42,296,383	39,181,065	48,690,526
Expenditures Non Major Governmental Funds Foreign Fire Insurance	41.363	48.048	43.300	35.738	39,001	28.891	40.080
						,	
IMRF Pension	200,595	134,597	159,145	114,141	137,810	129,642	144,366
Social Security / Medicare	311,194	325,565	345,100	350,436	384,865	365,179	390,742
Motor Fuel Tax 1505 State Seizure	62.260	45.899	400 700	102.652	400 750	-	
	,		130,700		130,758	60,604	41,967
Police DUI	1,530	5,935	36,000	239	36,000	19,467	17,530
U. S. Customs	154,335	211,108	215,881	182,334	430,707	323,885	665,420
Capital Funds							
Police Vehicle Replacement Fund		123,220	33,389	34,422	33,389	33,389	112,089
Fleet Replacement Fund	160,337	181,030	800,954	-	592,591	243,954	522,180
Major Governmental Funds							
TIF Funds	740,604	679,630	3,020,366	742,883	4,334,810	589,281	3,394,500
VIP Fund	1,728,191	1,342,534	4,417,173	2,390,356	4,656,099	2,758,004	10,380,621
General Fund	21,186,158	21,571,134	29,262,037	24,447,770	31,148,181	26,610,652	30,035,850
Proprietary Fund							
Water Fund	3,463,959	3,195,919	7,311,966	3,232,684	9,598,091	9,294,216	18,082,864
Total Expenditures	28,050,524	27,864,618	45,776,010	31,633,654	51,522,302	40,457,166	63,828,209
Net income / (loss)	7,161,646	6,323,871	(6,910,089)	7,037,747	(9,225,919)	(1,276,101)	(15,137,683)
Other financing sources (uses)	88,416	188,129	(4,162,506)	52,777	5,000	(372,353)	23,750
Net change in fund balance	7,250,061	6,512,000	(11,072,595)	7,090,524	(9,220,919)	(1,648,453)	(15,113,933)
Beginning Fund Balance Water Fund restated FB per FY2023 Ending Fund Balance	34,567,551 audit 41,817,613	41,817,613 (199,283) 48,130,329		48,130,329 55,220,853		55,220,853 53,572,400	53,572,400 38,458,467
Budgeted expenditures in the Water, MFT, and VIP funds denotes use of reserve funds for infrastructure improvement projects							

Financial Projections FY26

Projected Total
 Deficit: \$15.14M

Projected Deficit General Fund: \$4.3M

Budget Deficit	Debt
Annual shortfall in revenue vs. spending	Total amount owed from past deficits
Measured yearly	Accumulated over time
Can be zero or even a surplus	Can still exist even if there's no current deficit

General Fund Summary FY26

Village of Forest Park Summary FY2022- FY2026 General Fund

	FY2022	FY2023	Fiscal Year 4/30/2024		Fiscal Year 2025		FY2026
<u>Description</u>	End Balance	End Balance	Budget	End Balance	Budget	Year End Projection	Proposed Budget
Revenues							
Property Taxes	5.971,145	5,975,748	6,159,628	6.497.911	6.607.295	7.044.286	7.101.986
State Taxes	6,492,856	6,602,869	6,748,855	6,900,214	7,177,757	6,917,844	6,751,447
Utility/Franchise Taxes	1,334,369	1,340,138	1,257,600	1,158,976	1,142,000	1,141,476	1,132,515
Licenses, Permits, Fees	1,262,116	1,211,683	1,203,650	1,260,271	1,200,574	1,634,363	1,405,808
Grants	1,007,150	320,153	4,213,880	1,061,925	4,199,202	568,363	1,161,239
Fees for Services	3,043,406	3,699,329	3,939,243	4,576,986	4,665,721	4,849,482	4,947,258
Fines & Penalties	840,799	763,786	681,000	935,986	885,402	1,152,110	1,158,300
Leases / Misc Revenues	236,354	382,579	208,658	412,965	302,471	282,165	252,263
General Fund Revenues	20,188,194	20,296,284	24,412,514	22,805,233	26,180,420	23,590,090	23,910,817
Expenditures							
Total General Public Affairs	1,317,478	1,446,466	1,713,224	1,525,030	1,888,734	1,603,941	1,953,656
Total Police Department	4,585,332	4,934,808	5,871,323	5,467,422	5,993,076	5,645,506	6,628,008
Total Community Center	477,305	592,829	665,191	657,434	694,704	673,669	728,821
Total Office of Public Affairs	6,380,115	6,974,104	8,249,738	7,649,887	8,576,513	7,923,117	9,310,485
Total Village Clerk	6,643,296	7,217,882	8,328,188	8,424,555	9,590,264	9,860,246	10,111,687
Total Grants	988,421	288,548	4,298,340	618,813	3,658,848	378,872	1,040,875
Total Fire Department	3,352,606	3,317,702	4,055,422	3,697,582	4,708,047	4,324,080	5,324,932
Total Accounts and Finance	10,984,323	10,824,131	16,681,949	12,740,951	17,957,160	14,563,198	16,477,494
Total Public Health & Safety	299,675	321,361	462,563	412,781	591,056	405,500	467,966
Total Streets & Public Improve.	1,512,470	1,600,260	1,844,517	1,764,195	1,935,265	1,840,114	1,980,988
Total Public Property	2,009,575	1,851,277	2,023,269	1,879,956	2,088,187	1,878,724	1,798,916
Total Public Works	3,522,045	3,451,538	3,867,786	3,644,151	4,023,452	3,718,837	3,779,905
General Fund Expenditures	21,186,158	21,571,134	29,262,037	24,447,770	31,148,181	26,610,652	30,035,850
Net income / (loss)	(997,963)	(1,274,851)	(4,849,522)	(1,642,537)	(4,967,761)	(3,020,563)	(6,125,033)
Other financing sources	1,557,487	1,758,287	1,905,500	1,749,547	1,992,000	1,694,717	1,807,200
Net change in fund balance	559,523	483,437	(2,944,022)	107,010	(2,975,761)	(1,325,846)	(4,317,833)
Beginning Fund Balance restated FB per FY2022 audit	476,907 (100.644)	935,786		1,419,220		1,526,230	200,384
Ending Fund Balance	935,786	1,419,220		1,526,230		200,384	(4,117,449)

General Fund Summary FY26

General Fund

•	Projected Revenue:	\$23.9M
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Projected Expenses: \$30M

Projected other financing sources: \$1.8M

Beginning fund balance: \$200K

Projected Deficit: \$4.3M

Water Fund Summary FY26

Village of Forest Park Summary FY2022- FY2026 Water Fund

	FY2022	FY2023	Fiscal Year	4/30/2024	Fiscal Year 2025		FY2026
<u>Description</u>	End Balance	End Balance	Budget	End Balance	Budget	Year End Projection	Proposed Budget
Water Fund Revenues	7,559,846	7,200,505	7,405,465	8,108,979	8,287,696	8,804,251	13,417,873
Water Fund Expenditures	3,463,959	3,195,919	7,311,966	3,232,684	9,598,091	9,294,216	18,082,864
Net income / (loss)	4,095,887	4,004,586	93,499	4,876,295	(1,310,396)	(489,965)	(4,664,991)
Other financing sources	(1,158,093)	(880,000)	(1,150,000)	(570,000)	(1,015,000)	(1,015,000)	(900,000)
Net change in fund balance	2,937,794	3,124,586	(1,056,501)	4,306,295	(2,325,396)	(1,504,965)	(5,564,991)
Beginning Fund Balance	21,509,594	24,447,388		27,372,692		31,678,987	30,174,022
restated FB per FY2023 audit Ending Fund Balance	24,447,388	(199,283) 27,372,692		31,678,987		30,174,022	24,609,031

Water Fund Summary FY26

Water Fund

Projected Revenue: \$13.4M

Projected Expenses: \$18M

Projected other financing sources: \$900K

Beginning fund balance: \$30.1M

Projected Deficit: \$0

Projected Ending Fund Balance: \$24.6M

Wages and Benefits FY26

General Fund

- Departmental Operating Budgets
- Wages & Benefits = 68.4% of expenses

Water Fund

- Water Utility Operating Budget
- Wages & Benefits = 3.2% of expenses

Special Funds Summary FY26

Non-Major Governmental Funds:

Foreign Fire Insurance

IMRF Pension

Social Security/Medicare

Motor Fuel Tax

1505 Seizure

Police DUI

US Customs

Major Governmental Funds:

Tax Increment Financing (TIF) - 3 Village Improvement Plan (VIP)

Capital Asset Funds:

Police Vehicle Replacement Fund Fleet Replacement Fund

FY26 Key Financial Impacts

General Fund Top Expenses: Police (\$6.63M), Fire (\$5.32M), Public Works (\$3.88M)

Water Fund Major Projects: Watermain Projects (\$6.2M), Lead Service Line Replacement (\$3.5M)

Purchases: Police Vehicles, PW Bucket/Chip Trucks

Infrastructure Projects: Streets, Alleys, Sidewalks

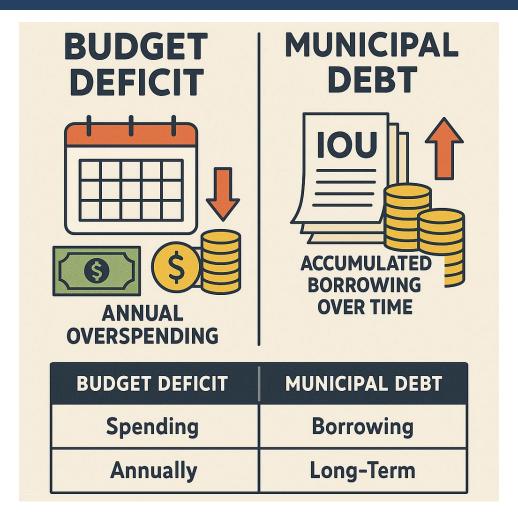
Village Spending Priorities

- •Investment in Infrastructure: Focused upgrades to roads, water mains, and sewer systems
- Pension Liability Management: Actively addressed through supplemental payments as funds become available
- Fleet Replacement Plans: Ongoing updates to vehicles in the Police Department and Public Works
- Public Safety and Services: Continued emphasis on crime prevention, emergency medical services (EMS), and infrastructure maintenance
- Future Planning Initiatives: Strategic preparation for building repairs, water reservoir improvements, and fire vehicle fleet replacement

What is the plan?



Budget Deficit vs Municipal Debt



Budgeting Expectations

Compliance with Standards: Adhere to government accounting principles and follow auditor recommendations

Expense Justification: Ensure all expenditures are supported with clear, documented rationale **Deficit Analysis**: Investigate underlying causes of

budget shortfalls

Collaborative Budget Oversight: Work with Department Heads to align budgeting practices with actual spending

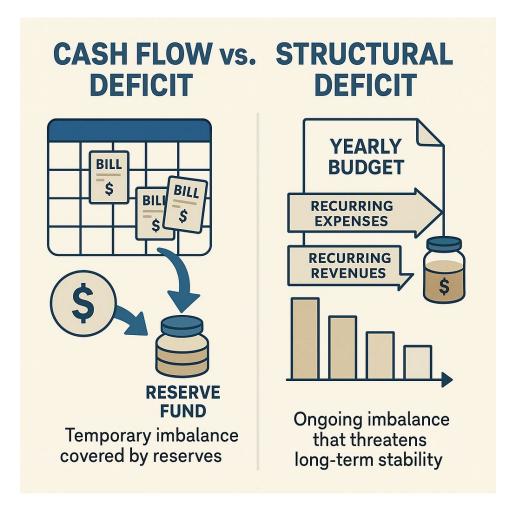
Budget Assumptions

Fully Staffed Departments: Budgets are based on actual labor costs assuming all positions are filled

Grant-Dependent Projects: Project implementation is contingent upon the successful award of grant funding

Planned Debt Management: Borrowing is strategically incorporated into long-term financial planning

Cash Flow vs Structural Deficit



Cash Flow Deficit

What happens when we don't have cash in the bank to pay bills?

- **Utilize Reserve Funds**: Tap into designated reserves to cover short-term cash flow gaps
- Interfund Borrowing: Temporarily borrow from other municipal funds with repayment plans
- Debt Financing: Issue bonds or secure loans to fund major expenses when necessary

Structural Deficit

A **structural deficit** occurs when a government or organization consistently spends more than it earns in revenue, even when the economy is operating at full capacity.

It reflects a long-term imbalance between recurring revenues (like taxes or fees) and recurring expenditures (like salaries, services, and debt payments).

Structural Deficit Causes

Unrealistic Budgeting: Financial plans that do not accurately reflect operational needs or constraints

Insufficient Planning: Lack of strategic foresight in anticipating expenses and revenue

Payment Challenges: Inability to meet financial obligations on time

Unplanned Emergency Spending: Unexpected costs that disrupt budget stability

How do we reduce the deficit?



- Raise taxes or fees
- Expand tax base
- Improve collections



REDUCE EXPENDITURES

- Cut non-essential services
- Streamline operations
- Renegotiate contracts



Pension reform



Multi-year budgeting

How do we reduce the deficit?

Reduce Expenditures

- Cut non-essential services
- Streamline operations
- Renegotiate contracts

Increase Revenue

- Raise/Implement taxes or fees
- Expand the tax base
- Improve collections

How do we reduce the deficit?

Structural Reforms

- Address pension liability
- Healthcare cost control
- Debt restructuring
- Multi-year budgeting/planning
- Reserve policies
- Performance-based budgeting

Economic Development

- Strategic redevelopment
- Corridor revitalization

Ongoing Efforts

Pension Management: Long-standing pension obligations are being actively addressed with monthly and supplemental payments as funds allow Infrastructure Investment: Road maintenance has followed a strategic plan consistently for over 20 years Financial Stability: All financial obligations are being met, with no delays in bill payments **Operational Efficiency**: Staff continue to deliver essential services effectively despite reduced manpower

Discussion

Reduction of Expenses

Realistic budgeting expenditures
Leasing of Police and Fleet Vehicles
Crossing Guards
Flood Grant Program
Leaf Pick Up

Discussion

Increase Revenue

Places of Eating Tax Parking Amnesty Program **Boot Program On-Street Parking Permits Property Tax Reallocation** Water Meter Replacement Cost Recovery Plan Vehicle Sticker Fee Increase Parking Meter Fee Increase Late Fee Assessment on Accounts Receivables

Discussion

Economic Development

Revitalization of TIF Districts

Promote redevelopment of unused and underutilized properties

Reimagination of current landscape

Leverage of Village's transit-oriented location and proximity to Chicago as strength for development potential